

AUSTIN FIRE DEPARTMENT

Proposed 2024 Wildland-Urban Interface (WUI) Code and Related Local Amendments

Briefing Intent

Purpose: To provide a briefing on the City's Wildland-Urban Interface (WUI) Code and the proposed 2024 Code and related local amendments.

Goals: Clarify previously adopted local amendments with changing technology and published code.

Adjust requirements based on challenges and successes of initial implementation of the International Wildland-Urban Interface Code (WUI).

Reasons for amendments:

- 1. To support operating procedures for Wildfire Operations.
- 2. Formalize WUI Proximity Zones to clarify structure hardening requirements.
- 3. Align requirements with current wildfire research.
- 4. Clarification purposes and formalizing 2015 WUIC interpretations.



2024 WUI Highlights

Clarifications

- Formalize allowances and interpretations
 - Increased use of the Fire Protection Criteria Manual
- Added reference alignment to the Fire Code
- Extreme Hazard Condition clarified
 - Fire Hazard Severity Form (amended) required for
 - Development under City of Austin Homes Options for Mobility and Equity initiatives
 - Where a single fire apparatus access road serves more than 30 dwelling units
- Wildland definition clarified
- Compliance with roof fire-rating
 - No wood or green roof coverings
 - Raised-deck systems to comply with International Building Code (IBC)
- Exterior ceilings, same treatment as soffits
- Artificial turf requirements provided



2024 WUI Highlights

Changes

- Unofficial "Proximity Classes" defined and renamed Proximity Zones A, B, and C
 - Zone A & B modified protection of accessory structures
 - Zone B enhanced protection of walls
 - Zone C enhanced eave and ceiling protection
 - Zone C reduced roofing, underfloor enclosure, and slope requirements
- NEW Ember Ignition Zone
- Expiration of initial code launch leniency
- Reduced full roof replacement requirement
- Reduced boat dock requirements
- Driveways, 202 Definitions, 403.2, 403.2.3
 - Required for Residential* buildings >150' from fire apparatus access road where a new fire lane is not otherwise provided
 - Group buildings >200' from fire apparatus access road require a new fire lane or may provide a driveway and automatic fire sprinklers
 - Serve up to three buildings and three dwelling units max, otherwise a Fire Lane is required



*Residential buildings defined as R-3 occupancy in the IBC/IFC

Post-Engagement Update 2024 WUI Map

Proximity Zones:

Zone A: Within 50' of 40 acre+ wildland Zone B: Within 150' of 40 acre+ wildland Zone C:

- Within 1.5 miles of 750 acre+ wildland
- Within <u>0.5 miles of 40 acre+</u> wildland (new)

Legend:

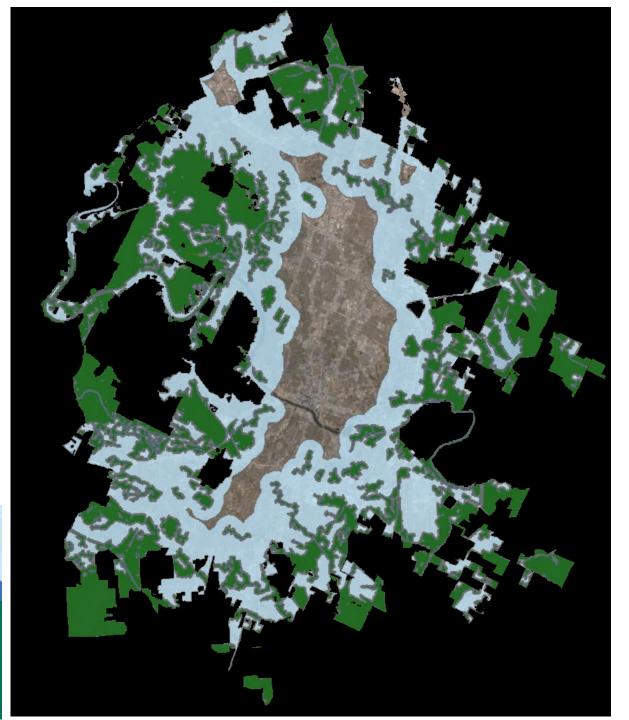
Green/Dark Blue = Wildland & Proximity Zones A & B Light Blue = Proximity Zone C

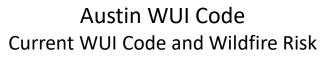
New map shows "offsets" or "buffer zones" from wildland to show more clearly where Proximity zones end.

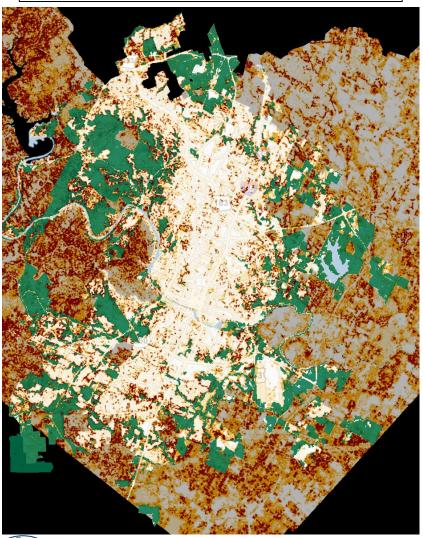


*Note: Map is a visual draft, additional cleanup will be conducted.











Austin-Travis County Wildfire Risk

Austin WUI Code Proposed 2024 WUI Code and Wildfire Risk DRAFT 2024 WUI Code Wildfire Risk Zones A & B Low Moderate Zone C WILDFIRE 2024 Wildlands Elevated High Highest

WUI Map - Overlay on Wildfire Risk Map

Side-By-Side Map Data

	Parcels		Area (acres)							
Austin Full & Limited Purpose	232,340 parcels		212,940 acres							
	2015 WUI Map				2024 WUI Map					
	Parcels	% Austin	Area (acres)	% Austin	Parcels	% Increase	% Austin	Area (acres)	% Increase	% Austin
WUI Area	79,263 parcels	34%	80,365 acres	38%	139,271 parcels	76%	60%	98,267 acres	22%	46%
Proximity Zone A & B (currently Proximity Zone, Class A &B)	23,790 parcels	10%	60,960 acres	29%	23,790 parcels	0%	10%	80,930 acres	33%**	38%
Proximity Zone C										
(currently Ember Zone, Class C) Total Contributing Wildland*	55,473 parcels	24%	19,405 acres 64,349 acres	9% 30%	118,295 parcels	113%	51%	82,886 acres	327% 0%	39% 30%

*Wildland is all wildland 40 acres or greater, which is inclusive of wildland 750 acres or greater.



**New mapping for Zone A & B has an increase in area because of the nature of using the buffer zones, as opposed to WUI zone designation per parcel.

Section 603.2.1

Research from the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) and Insurance Institute for Business & Home Safety (IBHS) show

- 5 feet around a structure has greatest impact
- Noncombustible zone can protect a building from ignition due to
 - direct flame
 - radiant heat
 - wind-blown embers collecting at the base of an exterior wall or structure

https://www.nfpa.org/education-and-research/wildfire/preparing-homes-for-wildfire

https://ibhs.org/wildfire/near-building-noncombustible-zone/





Section 603.2.1

The **Ember Ignition Zone (EIZ)** requires a 5-foot wide, noncombustible area to surround all structures and appendages.

The EIZ surface is gravel, pavers, or other non-combustible materials and maintained free of all combustible materials at all times. Artificial turf may not be used in the EIZ, and if used within any defensible space area must have Class A rating per ASTM E108^{*}.

Exceptions:

- Protected and Heritage trees are allowed to remain in all existing conditions.
 - New construction should aim to maintain appropriate distance from such trees.
 - Protective mulch for critical root zone (CRZ) is allowable during construction and shall be removed at the completion of construction.
- For structures of fire resistive and hardened construction**, the EIZ shall only be required 10 feet to each side of required egress points of the structure.
- Proximity Zone C to allow green, moist, closely mowed lawn grass, dormant grass shall be overseeded with perennial Rye.



*ASTM is the American Society for Testing and Materials

** Categorized as Type I and Type II building construction type under the IBC

Proximity Zone A Section 504	Proximity Zone B Section 505	Proximity Zone C Section 506
Roof & Accessories	Roof & Accessories	Roof & Accessories REDUCED sloped roof underlayment
Skylights	Skylights	Skylights
Protection of Eaves	Protection of Eaves REDUCED	Protection of Eaves REDUCED eaves & rafter tails
Gutters & Downspouts	Gutters & Downspouts	Gutters & Downspouts
Appendages & structures	Appendages & structures REDUCED distance	Appendages & structures REDUCED distance & protection at slopes >10%
Ventilation	Ventilation	Ventilation REDUCED - soffit vents allowed
Boat Docks REDUCED	Boat Docks	Boat Docks
Underfloor Enclosure	Underfloor Enclosure	Underfloor Enclosure REDUCED
Exterior Walls	Exterior Walls REDUCED flashing	
Exterior Glazing		
Exterior Doors		



Proposed Adoption

- Final presentation to Building and Fire Board of Appeals in January 2025
- Adoption of the 2024 IWUIC and amendments will follow the adoption timeline of other technical Codes (IBC, IRC, IFC, etc).
- We are estimating bringing the other technical Codes before Council in March 2025 with an implementation timeframe of June 2025



Proposed 2024 Wildland-Urban Interface (WUI) Code and Related Local Amendments

Questions?

Thank you for your time!



Appendix – Backup Slide



Section 603.2.1

Wildfire Defense Mesh, IBHS Combustible Vs Non-Combustible Burn Demonstration

- Right Side: Traditional wood deck, vegetation, wood mulch
- Left Side: Noncombustible zone with ignition-resistant deck, Wildfire Defense Mesh skirting, rock mulch





Current WUI Map

Concerns:

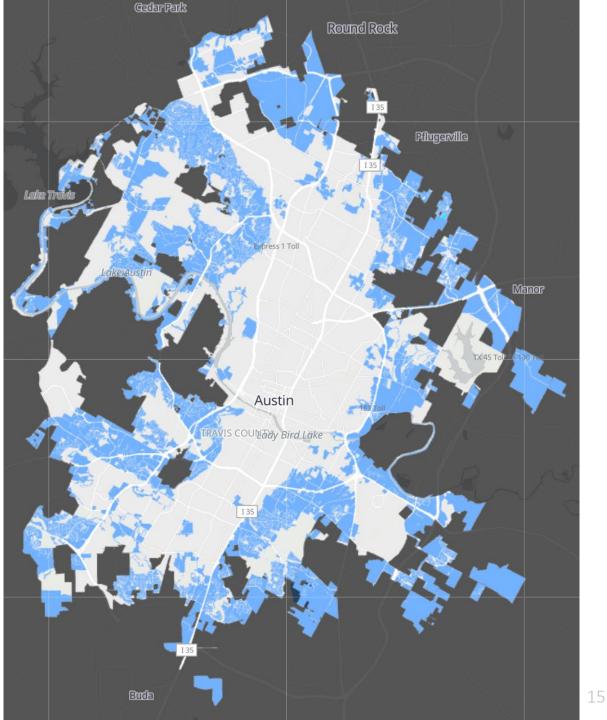
- Discrepancy created by using 40 acres of wildland for Zones A and B, versus 750 acres of wildland for Zone C
- High risk areas of Austin are unprotected
- Ease of application and determining site conditions

Current Proximity Classes:

Class A: Within 50' of 40 acre+ wildland Class B: Within 150' of 40 acre+ wildland Class C: Within 1.5 miles of 750 acre+ wildland







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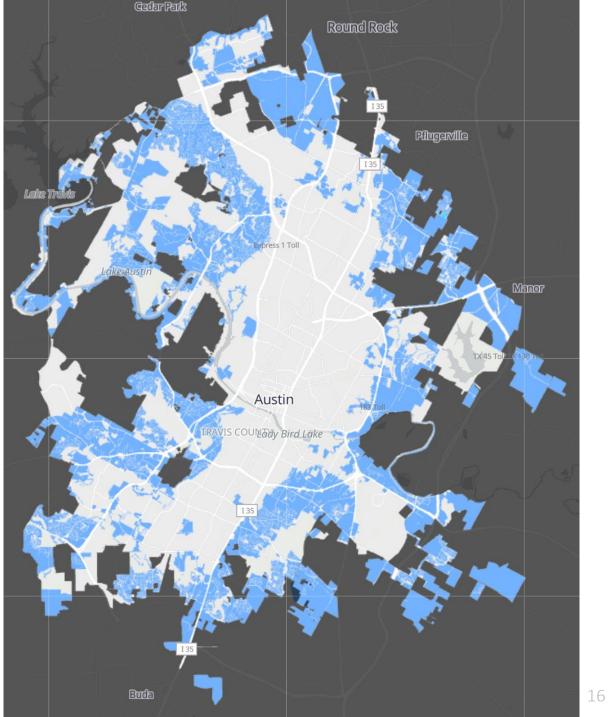
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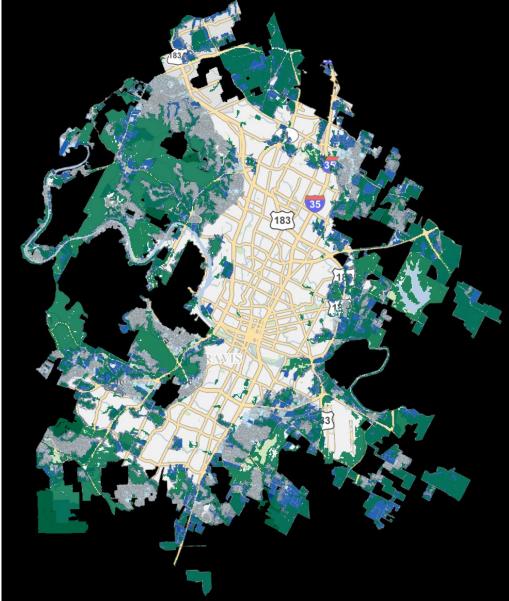
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2015 WUI Map Shown visually similar to new map, with wildland shown in green



2024 WUI Map Including new "offset" or "buffer zone" visualization

Section 603.2.1

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Stakeholder Engagement Updates

07/03/2024 Changes in response to stakeholder feedback:

- WUI Map Option B, included in June 24 engagement, reduces Proximity Zone C
- Driveways 403.2, clarified this section applies to buildings under the Residential Code
- Wood roof coverings 503.2.3, clarification to include fire-retardant-treated wood in body of code
- Fasciae 504.3.2, 505.3.2, 506.4.2, reduced minimum number of layers and clarified options
- Gaps between materials 504.3.3, 505.3.3, 506.4.3, clarified this applies to all gaps in eave
- **Exposed rafter tails 504.3.4, 505.3.4**, clarified exposed roof deck testing requirements are 30 minutes for Zone A and 10 minutes for Zones B and C
- **Roof Assembly 506.2,** added missing number for Exception 4
- Exposed rafter tails 506.4.4, added option to use ignition-resistant material for rafter tails in Zone C
- Exterior Ceilings 504.3.5, 505.3.5, 506.4.5, clarified this includes ceilings below a covered porch roof or below a deck/balcony/floor above
- Fences 506.6.1, reduced requirement for residential Zone C fences to have ignition-resistant construction when located within 5' of a building or structure, in lieu of 10'



Post-Engagement Updates

07/09/2024 Additional update in response to stakeholder feedback:

- WUI Map Option C, reducing minimum wildland size to 20 acres in lieu of 10 acres.
- EIZ 603.2.1 Ember Ignition Zone (EIZ), exception 5 added for Proximity Zone C to allow green, moist, closely mowed lawn grass, dormant grass shall be overseeded with perennial Rye.

07/25/2024:

- Driveways 202 Definitions, 403.2, 403.2.3 applies to individual lots, not joint use driveways
- WUI Map Final
 - Retaining existing wildland size of 40 acres and 750 acres.
 - Zones A & B continue to be up to 50' and up to 150' from 40 acres of wildland, respectively
 - Zone C continues to be up to 1.5 miles from 750 acres of wildland, adding in a 0.5 miles from 40 acres of wildland
 - Zones shown as "offsets" or "buffer zones" from wildland in lieu of an entire parcel being shown as one zone.



TABLE C101.1—FIRE HAZARD SEVERITY FORM			
PART 1			
A. Subdivision Design Points			
I. Ingress/Egress			
「wo or more primary roads	1		
Dne road, 30 or less dwelling units (two-way)	3		
Dne road, more than 30 dwelling units (two-way)	5		
One road (one way direction)	10_		
2. Width of Primary Road			
25 feet (7620 mm) or more	1		
less than 25 feet (7620 mm) to 20 feet (6096 mm)	3		
ess than 20 feet (6096 mm)	5		
3. Accessibility			
Road grade 5% or less	1		
Road grade more than 5%	3		
1. Secondary Road Terminus			
oop roads, cul-de-sacs with an outside turning radius of 50 feet (15 240 mr	n) 1		
or greater			
Cul-de-sac turnaround	2		
Dead-end roads 150 feet (45 720 mm) or less in length			
Dead-end roads greater than 150 feet (45 720 mm) in length	5		
5. Site Specific Access (fire lanes, driveways)			
ire lane <u>provided</u>	1		
12 foot (3658 mm) or greater Driveway provided			
Less than 12 foot (3658 mm) driveway provided			
5. Street Signs			
Present	1		
Not present	3		
3. Proximity to existing structures (includes adjacent properties)			
Greater than 10 feet (3048 mm) from nearest structure	1		
10 feet (3048 mm) to 5 feet (1524 mm) from nearest structure	5		
ess than 5 feet (1524 mm) from nearest structure			
C. Fire Protection—Water Source			
Hydrant less than 500 feet or 600 feet for Group R-3 and U occupancies	1		
With fire sprinklers provided			
Hydrant farther than 500 feet or 600 feet for Group R-3 and U occupancies	2		

Hydrant farther than 500 feet or 600 feet for Group R-3 and U occupancies With no fire sprinklers provided	5
Hydrant farther than 1,000 feet with fire sprinklers provided	7
Hydrant farther than 1,000 feet with no fire sprinklers provided	10
Fire flow less than required per Appendix B	10
Part 1 Total	
PART 2	
D. Vegetation (IWUIC Definitions)	
1. Fuel Types	
Light	1
Medium	5
Heavy	10
2. Defensible Space	
Meet requirements of Table 603.2 and EIZ (603.2.1)	1
Do not meet requirements of Table 603.2 but meets 603.2.1	10
Does not meet requirements of Table 603.2 or EIZ 603.2.1	20
E. Topography	
8% or less	1
More than 8%, but less than 20%	4
20% or more, but less than 30%	7
30% or more	10
F. Roofing Material	
Class A Fire Rated	1
Class B Fire Rated	5
Class C Fire Rated	10
Nonrated	20
F. Existing Building Construction Materials	
Noncombustible siding/appendages	1
Noncombustible siding/combustible appendages	5
Combustible siding and appendages	10
G. Utilities (gas and/or electric)	
All underground utilities	1
One underground, one above ground	3
All above ground	5
Part 2 Total	
Total for Subdivision	
Moderate Hazard 20–39	
Extreme Hazard 40+	

