

Commander Lee Davis



AUST





•Agenda:

- What is Community Policing?
- Principles of Community Policing
- Benefits of Community Policing
- Q&A





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- What is Community Policing?
- Principles of Community Policing
- Benefits of Community Policing
- Strategies and Tactics
- Challenges and Solutions
- Case Studies and Examples
- Q&A



What is the most difficult thing to earn and the easiest thing to loose?



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What is the most difficult thing to earn and the easiest thing to loose?







TRUST

ONE AUSTIN SAFER TOGETHER





"We are in peoples lives when they are most vulnerable"





BENEFITS OF COMMUNITY POLICING

•Improved Public Safety: Reduction in crime rates through proactive measures.

•Enhanced Trust: Building stronger relationships between the police and the community.

•Community Empowerment: Encouraging community members to take an active role in their own safety.





BENEFITS OF COMMUNITY POLICING



S in Robert Peel (1788-1850), who served as Prime Minister of England twice, is remembered for many notable Acts of Parliament and policies. These include far-ranging criminal law and prison reform. As British Home Secretary in 1829, Peel founded the London Metropolitan Police. He believed the key for policing is that, "the police are the public and the public are the police." Peel established nine principles of policing that are as relevant today as they were in the nineteenth century.

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Peel's Nine Principles of Policing

"The basic mission for which the police exist is to prevent crime and disorder."

- 2 "The ability of the police to perform their duties is dependent upon public approval of police actions."
- 3 "Police must secure the willing co-operation of the public in voluntary observance of the law to be able to secure and maintain the respect of the public."
- 4 "The degree of co-operation of the public that can be secured diminishes proportionately to the necessity of the use of physical force."
- 5 "Police seek and preserve public favor not by catering to the public opinion but by constantly demonstrating absolute impartial service to the law."
- 6 "Police use physical force to the extent necessary to secure observance of the law or to restore order only when the exercise of persuasion, advice and warning is found to be insufficient."
- 7 "Police, at all times, should maintain a relationship with the public that gives reality to the historic tradition that the police are the public and the public are the police; the police being only members of the public who are paid to give full-time attention to duties which are incumbent on every citizen in the interests of community welfare and existence."
- 8 "Police should always direct their action strictly towards their functions and never appear to usurp the powers of the judiciary."
- 9 "The test of police efficiency is the absence of crime and disorder, not the visible evidence of police action in dealing with it."

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WHAT DOES IT LOOK LIKE

105.2 DEFINITIONS

- (a) Community Policing Building positive relationships, one cd present, engaged, and visible in our community to address general well-being of residents and visitors of Austin.
- (b) Procedurally Just Behavior Four Principles
 - 1. Treating people with dignity and respect.
 - 2. Giving individuals "voice" during encounters.
 - 3. Being neutral and transparent in decision-making.
 - 4. Conveying trustworthy motives.
- (c) SARA Problem Solving Model
 - 1. Scanning Identify and prioritize problems.
 - 2. Analysis Research known elements of the problem.
 - Response Develop solutions to eliminate or reduc problem.
 - 4. Assessment Evaluate the success of the solution.

Austin Police Department Strategic Plan 2024-2029

<u>Vision</u>

A Department that is trusted and respected by all and collaborates with our community to make Austin the safest city in America.

<u>Mission</u>

Keeping you, your family, and our community safe through innovative strategies and community engagement.





Austin Police Department 🍲 @Austin_Police • Jun 5 Today's Coffee with a Cop at Starbucks on Guadalupe was a success! A huge thank you to everyone who joined us for coffee and conversation. Our Officers are always excited to an area always excited to an area always excited to a second to a secon

talk about safety tips ar



- Problem Orier
- Community Er
- Collective Effic



Austin Police Department 🤣 @Austin_Police · Jun 2 Join us for our First Annual Autism Sensory Fair! It's a great chance to connect with Austin's first responders and our local autism community.

and check out displays, demos, and ss #CommunityEngagement

🚑 🚨 You still have time to join us at the Austin Public Safety Fair. We will FAIR ity Liaison Department & Aedical Services 8TH UNITY UNITY **R** FIRST FETY **TIN FIRST** MUNITY.

Autism Society



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CONCLUSION



105.2 DEFINITIONS

- (a) Community Policing Building positive relationships, one contact at a time, by being present, engaged, and visible in our community to address crime and improve the general well-being of residents and visitors of Austin.
- 1. Recognize and elevate credible voices- hungry hill, jail to jobs,CVI ATX peace ,office of violence prevention
- 2. Establish internal and external partnerships- homeless strategy office ,public works, PARD, watershed,code Austin libraries, fire, EMS , APH
- 3. Engage in public safety rather than focusing Solely on crime fighting (lens for viewing homeless)
- 4. Apd should be a link in the chain rather than the tip of the spear
- 5. Empower community members to understand and participate in the solution community police academy community connect
- 6. Foster a culture of community centered problem oriented policing that is hard on the problem not on the people -HIPE harm focused intelligence led problem oriented and evidenced based-

QUESTIONS

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Commander Lee Davis

Lawrence.Davis@austintexas.gov





